Nicaragua

Overall Risk Score: 67

Risk Level: high

This score is a composite of the four domain scores discussed below, which are weighted and combined to produce the overall country risk score. Each country is given a score from 1 to 100 for each domain and for the total bribery risk. A higher score indicates a higher risk of business bribery. Assessments of whether a given domain score is “good” or “poor” are made relative to all other jurisdictions within that domain.

1. Business Interactions with Government: Nicaragua receives a poor score of 60 in this domain, based on a high degree of government interaction, a high expectation of bribes, and a high regulatory burden.

2. Anti-bribery Deterrence and Enforcement: Nicaragua receives a poor score of 72 in this domain, based on a medium quality of anti-bribery dissuasion and a low quality of anti-bribery enforcement.

3. Government and Civil Service Transparency: Nicaragua receives a poor score of 78 in this domain, based on poor governmental transparency and poor transparency of financial interests.

4. Capacity for Civil Society Oversight: Nicaragua receives a poor score of 64 in this domain, based on a low degree of media freedom/quality and a very low degree of civil society engagement.

TRACE Bribery Risk Typology:
Democracy with simpler economy

This group is typified by stable democratic government and an economy largely built on the export of a limited number of simple products.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Comparable Jurisdictions</th>
<th>Matrix Scores</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bolivia</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comoros</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangladesh</td>
<td>65</td>
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</tbody>
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Learn more about the TRACE Bribery Risk Matrix and Bribery Risk Typology at matrixbrowser.TRACEinternational.org

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