



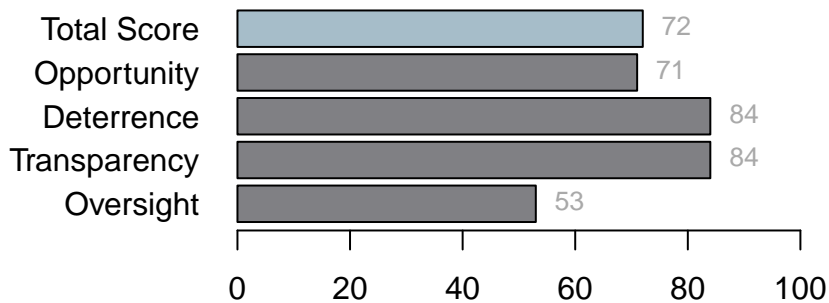
# Dem. Rep. of the Congo

**Overall Risk Score: 72**

**Risk Level: high**

This score is a composite of the four domain scores discussed below, which are weighted and combined to produce the overall country risk score. Each country is given a score from 1 to 100 for each domain and for the total bribery risk. A higher score indicates a higher risk of business bribery. Assessments of whether a given domain score is “good” or “poor” are made relative to all other jurisdictions within that domain.

- 1. Business Interactions with Government:** The Democratic Republic of the Congo receives a poor score of 71 in this domain, based on a high degree of government interaction, a very high expectation of bribes, and a high regulatory burden.
- 2. Anti-bribery Deterrence and Enforcement:** The Democratic Republic of the Congo receives a poor score of 84 in this domain, based on a low quality of anti-bribery dissuasion and a low quality of anti-bribery enforcement.
- 3. Government and Civil Service Transparency:** The Democratic Republic of the Congo receives a poor score of 84 in this domain, based on poor governmental transparency and very poor transparency of financial interests.
- 4. Capacity for Civil Society Oversight:** The Democratic Republic of the Congo receives a poor score of 53 in this domain, based on a medium degree of media freedom/quality and a low degree of civil society engagement.



## TRACE Bribery Risk Typology:

### Failed state

This group is typified by very low state capacity, lacking state apparatus that could curtail the volume or severity of arbitrary bribe demands.

Comparable Jurisdictions	Matrix Scores
Afghanistan	68
Libya	68
Central African Republic	71

Learn more about the TRACE Bribery Risk Matrix and Bribery Risk Typology at [matrixbrowser.TRACEinternational.org](https://matrixbrowser.TRACEinternational.org)